Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (Rev.06/08)

Auditing Procedures Report

Instructions and MuniCodes

*=Required Fields

Reset Form

Issued under Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended. (V1.07)						
Unit Name [*] ROME		County* LENAWEE		Type' TOWNSHIP	MuniCode [.]	46-1-190
Opinion Date-Use Calendar ⁻ Sep 25, 2008	Audit Subn Calendar	nitted-Use C	Oct 8, 2008	Fiscal Year End Month	Fiscal Year	2008

If a local unit of government (authorities & commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is NOT included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

Pla "N	ce a c	heck next to each "Yes" or non-applicable question below. Questions left unmarked should be those you wish to answe
×	?	Are all required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements?
×	? 2	Does the local unit have a positive fund balance in all of its unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets?
×	? 3.	Were the local unit's actual expenditures within the amounts authorized in the budget?
ΙX	? 4.	is this unit in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury?
×	? 5.	Did the local unit adopt a budget for all required funds?
×	? 6.	Was a public hearing on the budget held in accordance with State statute?
×	7.	Is the local unit in compliance with the Revised Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, and other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division?
×	? 8.	Has the local unit distributed tax revenues, that were collected for another taxing unit, timely as required by the general property tax act?
×	? 9.	Do all deposits/investments comply with statutory requirements including the adoption of an investment policy?
X	10	. Is the local unit free of illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to your attention as defined in the Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin.)
×	11 ?	is the unit free of any indications of fraud or illegal acts that came to your attention during the course of audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division? (If there is such activity, please submit a separate report under separate cover.)
\vdash	?12	is the local unit free of repeated reported deficiencies from previous years?
×	_	Is the audit opinion unqualified? 14. If not, what type of opinion is it? NA
×	15	Has the local unit complied with GASB 34 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)?
×	?]16	Has the board or council approved all disbursements prior to payment as required by charter or statute?
×	?17.	To your knowledge, were the bank reconciliations that were reviewed performed timely?
×	?18.	Are there reported deficiencies?
	_	
	Gen	eral Fund Revenue: \$\frac{1}{5} \\$ 287,759.00 General Fund Balance: \frac{7}{7} \\$ 389,085.00
	Gen	eral Fund Expenditure: \$\frac{2}{3}\$\$ 223,971.00 Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (see \$ 0.00
	Majo	or Fund Deficit Amount: \$ 0.00 instructions!

We affirm that we are certified public accountants (CPA) licensed to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the above responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (reported deviations).

CPA (First Name): PHILIP	Last Name RUBLEY Ten Digit License Number 1101009223				
CPA Street Address: 133 W MAIN STREET	City" MORENCI	State* MI	Zip 49256 Code ⁻	Telephone ⁻	+1 (517) 458-2274
CPA Firm Name PHILIP R RUBLEY, CPA	Unit's Street ONSTED HIGHN	VAY	Unit's ONSTED		Unit's 49265 Zip

ROME TOWNSHIP

LENAWEE COUNTY, MICHIGAN

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

MARCH 31, 2008

ROME TOWNSHIP ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

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PHILIP R. RUBLEY

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PHILIP R. RUBLEY, C.P.A.

MEMBERS OF
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF C.P.A.'S
& THE MICHIGAN ASSOCIATION OF C.P.A.'S

September 25, 2008

Board of Trustees Rome Township Lenawee County, Michigan

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rome Township, Lenawee County, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rome Township, Lenawee County, Michigan as of March 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 2 through 6 and 21 through 23, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Rome Township, Lenawee County, Michigan basic financial statements.

Respectfully Submitted,

R. Rubley CPA

PRR/cab

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Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of Rome Township on a government-wide basis. They are designed to present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements, also slightly changed from prior years, follow the above-mentioned statements and illustrate how the services provided by the Township were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Additionally, fund financial statements report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- A) Government-wide financial statements.
- B) Fund financial statements.
- C) Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. The *government-wide financial* statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Township maintains 1 individual governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund which is considered to be a major fund.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Township maintains 1 individual fiduciary fund - the tax collection fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement of some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare and community and economic development and other functions.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into two categories; governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

OTHER INFORMATION

The Township has reported under required supplementation information, information about the General Fund, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Rome Township Statement of Net Assets

	Governmental Activities
	2008
ASSETS Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets	\$392,946 45,260
Total Assets	<u>\$438,206</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Total Liabilities	\$ 2,605 2,605
NET ASSETS Invested in Capital Assets Unrestricted Designated Building and Site Restricted for Fire Safety	45,260 307,321 70,402 12,618
Total Net Assets	<u>\$435,601</u>

The Township's combined net assets increased 17.29 percent from a year ago. increasing by \$64,225.

Statement of Government-Wide Activities

	Governmental Activities
	2008
REVENUE Program Revenue: Charges for Services	\$ 20,109
General Revenue: Property Taxes Intergovermental Interest	135,292 124,136 8,056
Total Revenue	287,593
PROGRAM EXPENSES General Government Public Safety Public Works Community & Economic Development Other Functions	78,913 50,631 70,752 12,759 10,313
Total Program Expenses	223,368
Change in Net Assets	64,225
Net Assets – Beginning of Year	<u>371,376</u>
Net Assets – End of Year	\$435,601

Governmental Activities

The Township's expenses remained fairly constant except for highways, streets and bridges which varies depending on projects.

The Township's Funds

Our analysis of the Township's major funds begins on Page 9. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. The Township board creates funds to help manage money for specific purpose as well as show accountability for certain activities. The Township's major fund for 2008 is the General Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Township administration and Township Board monitor the budget to take into account unanticipated events that occur during the year. There were no significant events affecting the budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of 2008, the Township had \$109,330 invested in capital assets, including land, buildings, and equipment. In addition, the Township has invested significantly in roads within the Township. These assets are not reported in the Township's financial statements because of Michigan law.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rate

Rome Township is in rural Lenawee County, Michigan a farm community. Anticipated property tax increases and growth are not expected. In addition, State revenue sharings, which represents 43.16 percent of the General Fund budget, is likely to decrease, because of the State's current economic state. This will require close tabs on expenditures for the upcoming year. Adjustments will be made to mirror the revenue base, ensuring the continuation of the trend of excess revenues over expenditures.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the clerk's office on Onsted Hwy., Onsted, Michigan 49265.

ROME TOWNSHIP Government Wide Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

Primary Government

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$210,403
Accounts Receivable	19,438
Property Tax Receivable	16,424
Prepaid Expenses	146,681
Capital Assets -	
Non-Depreciated	20,500
Capital Assets -	
Net of Depreciation	24,760
Total Assets	<u>\$438,206</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	4 000
Accounts Payable/Credit Cards	\$ 919
Accrued Payroll Deductions	1
and Withholdings	1,686
Total Liabilities	2,605
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets	45,260
Unrestricted	307,321
Designated for Building and Site	70,402
Restricted for Fire Safety	12,618
Total Net Assets	<u>\$435,601</u>

ROME TOWNSHIP Government Wide Statement of Activities Year Ended March 31, 2008

		Program Revenues		
FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMS	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges For <u>Services</u>	Operating <u>Grants</u>	Net (Expense) <u>Revenue</u>
Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Community and Economic	\$ 78,913 50,631 70,752	\$14,798 5,311 	\$ 	\$ (64,115) (45,320) (70,752) (12,759)
Development Other Functions	10,313			(10,313)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$223,368</u>	<u>\$20,109</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ (203,259)
Change in Net Assets (Decrease)				\$(203,259)
General Revenues: Property Taxes Intergovernmental Revenues Interest Income				135,292 124,136 8,056
Total General Revenues				267,484
Change in Net Assets				64,225
Net Assets, Beginning of Year				<u>371,3</u> 76
Net Assets, End of Year				<u>\$ 435,601</u>

ROME TOWNSHIP Governmental Fund Balance Sheet March 31, 2008

	General Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Taxes Receivable Pre-Paid Expenses Due from Tax Collection Fund	\$210,403 19,438 16,424 15,866 130,815
Total Assets	<u>\$392,946</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable/Credit Cards Payroll Deductions/Accrual Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 919 1,686 1,256 3,861
FUND BALANCE Unreserved: Designated for Building and Site Undesignated Restricted: Fire Safety	70,402 306,065 12,618
Total Fund Balance	389,085
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$392,946</u>

ROME TOWNSHIP

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Assets For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds	\$389,085
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
ADD - Capital Assets	109,330
DEDUCT - Accumulated Depreciation	(64,070)
Deferred revenue - reflected as earned in net assets of governmental activities	1,256
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>\$435,601</u>

ROME TOWNSHIP Governmental Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

REVENUES Property Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest/Rent/Penalties Other	General Fund \$135,458 5,311 124,136 8,482 14,343 29
Total Revenues	287,759
EXPENDITURES Current General Government Public Safety Public Works Community and Economic Development Other Functions Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	75,598 50,631 70,752 12,547 10,313 4,130 223,971
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	63,788
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	325,297
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$389,085

ROME TOWNSHIP

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds	\$63,788
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	4,130
DEDUCT - Depreciation Expense	(3,527)
Deferred revenue	<u>(166</u>)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>§64</u> ,225

ROME TOWNSHIP Fiduciary Funds – Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

	Tax Collection <u>Fund</u>	
ASSETS Cash	<u>\$130,815</u>	
Total Assets	<u>\$130,815</u>	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Due to General Fund	<u>\$130,815</u>	
Total Liabilities	<u>\$130,815</u>	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Rome Township conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Rome Township.

A. Reporting Entity

Rome Township is governed by an elected board. The accompanying financial statements present the government for which government is considered to be financially accountable.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Rome Township has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and

expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue fees and licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The government reports the following fund types:

The Fiduciary Funds account for assets held for other governments in an agency capacity, including tax collection, and other project funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government - wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government -wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported assets and liabilities and any possible contingent assets and liabilities as of the financial statement date. Actual results could differ from these statements.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Bank Deposits and Investment — Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

State statues authorize the government to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loans associations, and to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments.

- 2. Receivables and Payables In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."
- 3. Prepaid Items Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method.
- 4. Capital Assets Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings 40 to 60 years
Office Equipment 5 to 7 years
Computer Equipment 3 to 7 years

5. Fund Equity — In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report restrictions of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. Rome Township currently has designated monies for Building and Site, these are management plans which are subject to change. Currently there are restricted tax monies for Fire Safety of \$12,618.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u> - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

On or before the end of March of each year, the Board presents the proposed budget for review and holds public hearings and a final budget adopted.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department.

The general government function of the General Fund is treated as a department for budgetary purposes and its budget is adopted at the object level. No significant adjustments were made to the budget.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations In Budgeted Funds • P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated. During the year ended March 31, 2008, the government incurred expenditures in excess of amounts appropriated at the legal level of budgetary control as follows:

General Fund:	Actual <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Community & Economic Development: Zoning/Planning, Etc.	\$12,251	\$12,547	\$296

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The government unit's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

Investments made by the Township are summarized below. The investments that are represented by specific identifiable investment securities are classified as to credit risk by the three categories described below:

Category 1:	Insured or	registered,	or	securities	held	by	the	Township
	or its agen	t in the Town	nshi	p's name.				

Category 3:	Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by	the
	counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but in the Township's name.	not

	<u>Ça</u>	tegory	Carrying	Market		
Checking, Savings and Certificate of Deposits	_1_	2	_3_	<u>Value</u>	Value	
	\$170,402	\$170,816	\$	\$341,218	\$341,218	
	\$170,402	\$170,816	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$341,218</u>	\$3 <u>41,218</u>	

Balance Sheet Cash and Cash Investments

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires risk disclosures for the Township's deposits:

<u>Deposits</u>	Carrying <u>Amount</u>
Insured (FDIC) (FSLIC) Uninsured:	\$170,402
Uncollateralized	170,816
	\$341,218

The above amounts include Trust and Agency Funds of \$130,815.

Deposits Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. The Township does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of March 31, 2008 - \$170,816 of the Township's \$341,218 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Collateralized \$170,816

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

The Township has all of its investment in money market and certificate of deposits, thus not subject to investment credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Township places no limit on the amount they may invest in one issue. 100% of their investments at March 31, 2008 are in savings accounts, money market accounts and certificate of deposits.

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets to deposits and investments as classified for note disclosure purposes is as follows:

Statement of Net Asset:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$210,403
	210,403
Statement of Fiduciary Net Asset:	
Agency Funds: Cash and Cash Equivalents	130,815
	130,815
	<u>\$341,218</u>

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the government are as follows:

	General Fund
State of Michigan Taxes Receivable - Real Taxes Receivable -	\$19,039 15,168
Personal Property Other	1,256 <u>399</u>
	\$35,862

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increase	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 20,500	\$	\$	\$ 20,500
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Building Equipment	46,182 38,518	4,130		46,182 42,648
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	84,700	4,130		88,830
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Building Equipment	(35,565) (24,978)	(584) (2,943)		(36,149) (27,921)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(60,543)	(3,527)		(64,070)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	24,157	603		24,760
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 44,657</u>	<u>\$ 603</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>ş</u> 45,260

Depreciation expense was charged to Governmental Activities - General Government for \$3,315 and Community and Economic Development \$212 at March 31, 2008.

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended March 31, 2008, the government carried insurance through commercial carriers, to cover all risks of losses. The government has had no settled claims resulting from those risks that exceeded its coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

The government's property taxes are levied each year, on the taxable valuation of property located within the township. These taxes are due by February 14, with final collection date of February 28, before they are added to the county tax rolls.

Delinquent real property taxes are reimbursed to the local unit through a county revolving tax fund.

The Township levied dollar amounts of \$59,172 for general operations and an additional assessment for Roads and Bridges of \$28,277 and Fire Safety of \$56,565.

NOTE 8 - PENSION

The government has no pension, and has elected to be inclusive in the social security system.

NOTE 9 - OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended March 31, 2008, the government carried insurance through commercial carriers, to cover all risks of losses. The government has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables were as follows:

	<u>Due From</u>	<u>Due To</u>
General Fund Tax Collection Fund	\$130,815 	\$ 130,815
	<u>\$130,815</u>	<u>\$130,815</u>

ROME TOWNSHIP Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

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PECININIO OE VEAR	Budget <u>Original</u>	Budget <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Actual Over (Under) <u>Final Budget</u>
BEGINNING OF YEAR FUND BALANCE	\$325,297	\$325,297	\$325,297	\$
RESOURCES (Inflows)				
Property Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and Permits Charge for Services Interest Rent	132,286 115,000 6,000 9,500 2,500	132,286 115,000 6,000 9,500 2,500	135,458 124,136 5,311 8,482 8,056 250	3,172 9,136 (689) (1,018) 5,556 250
Penalties Other	250	250	6,037 29	6,037 (221)
Total Available For Appropriation	590,833	590,833	613,056	22,223
CHANGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (Outflows) General Government:				
Township Board Supervisor Elections Professional Fees Clerk Treasurer Board of Review Township Hall Assessor	12,405 11,084 2,500 8,000 13,563 14,196 2,143 4,724 16,500	12,405 11,084 2,500 8,000 13,563 14,196 2,143 4,724 16,500 11,808	5,467 10,966 1,428 293 11,064 14,066 1,719 4,116 16,147	6,938 118 1,072 7,707 2,499 130 424 608 353
Cemetery Total General Government	96,923	96,923	75,598	21,325
Public Safety: Inspections Fire	17,368 44,000	17,368 44,000	6,631 44,000	10,737
Total Public Safety	61,368	61,368	50,631	10,737
Public Works: Drains Highways & Bridges Sanitation	8,118 75,000 800	8,118 75,000 800	4 ,572 65,580 600	3,546 9,420 200
Total Public Works	83,918	83,918	70,752	13,166

ROME TOWNSHIP Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Community & Economic	Budget <u>Original</u>	Budget <u>Final</u>	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Development: Zoning/Planning, etc.	12,251	12,251	12,547	(296)
Total Community & Economic Development	12,251	12,251	12,547	(296)
Capital Outlay	4,130	4,130	4,130	
Other Functions	12,200	12,200	10,313	1,887
Total Changes to Appropriations	270,790	270,790	223,971	46,819
End of The Year Fund Balance	\$320,043	\$320,043	<u>\$389,085</u>	<u>\$69,042</u>

PHILIP R. RUBLEY

- Certified Public Accountant -

133 W. Main Street • Morenci, MI 49256 Phone 517/458-2274 Fax 517/458-6353

Members of American Institute of C.P.A.'s & the Michigan Association of C.P.A.'s

September 25, 2008

Township Board Rome Township Lenawee County, Michigan

We have examined the financial statements of the Rome Township, Lenawee County, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2008. As a part of our examination, we made a study and evaluation of the Township's system of internal accounting control to the extent we considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Under these standards, the purposes of such an evaluation are to establish a basis for reliance on the system of internal accounting control in determining the nature, timing and extent of other auditing procedures that are necessary for expressing an opinion on the financial statement and to assist the auditor in planning and performing his examination of the financial statements.

The objective of internal accounting control is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance as to the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a system of internal accounting control should not exceed the benefits derived and also recognizes that the evaluation of these factors necessarily requires estimates and judgments by management.

There are inherent limitations that should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of any system of internal accounting control. In the performance of most control procedures, errors can result from misunderstanding of instructions, mistakes of judgment, carelessness, or other personal factors. Control procedures whose effectiveness depends upon segregation of duties can be circumvented by collusion. Similarly, control procedures can be circumvented intentionally by management either with respect to the execution and recording of transactions or with respect to the estimates and judgments required in the preparation of financial statements. Further, projection of any evaluation of internal accounting control to future periods is subject to the risk that the procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions and that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

PHILIP R. RUBLEY, C.P.A.

Our examination of the financial statements made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, including the study and evaluation of the Township's system of internal accounting control for the year ended March 31, 2008, that was made for the purpose set forth in the first paragraph of this report, would not necessarily disclose all weaknesses in the system because it was based on selective tests of accounting records and related data.

SAS 112 requires that any significant deficiencies be reported separate to management. None of these deficiencies had a material effect on the financial statements.

1. MAINTENANCE OF FIXED ASSETS

The Township needs to maintain records of additions and disposals of fixed assets each year, and keep data supporting assets to be depreciated over the \$1,000 threshold approved.

2. GENERAL LEDGER

It is imperative that the general ledger reflect the correct posting of the activity for the fiscal year.

3. SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Because of the size and number of personal segregation of duties is a significant deficiency. These means at the basic level, no single individual should have control over two or more phases of a transaction or operation in the accounting function.

We feel however that because of managements oversight, that this is not a material weakness in the control system.

4. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Presently the Township is not able to prepare financial statements in compliance with general accepted principles.

OTHER ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION

1. EXPENDITURES

Invoices should be stamped with initials of approval and data paid.

2. SOFTWARE

Consider going to a municipal software system.

Rome Township September 25, 2008 Page 3

The above mentioned conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests to be applied to our examination of the financial statements, and this report does not modify our report dated September 25, 2008, on such financial statements.

If we can be of any further assistance, please do not hesitate in contacting

Sincerely Yours,

Philip R. Rubley Certified Public Accountant

PRR/cab